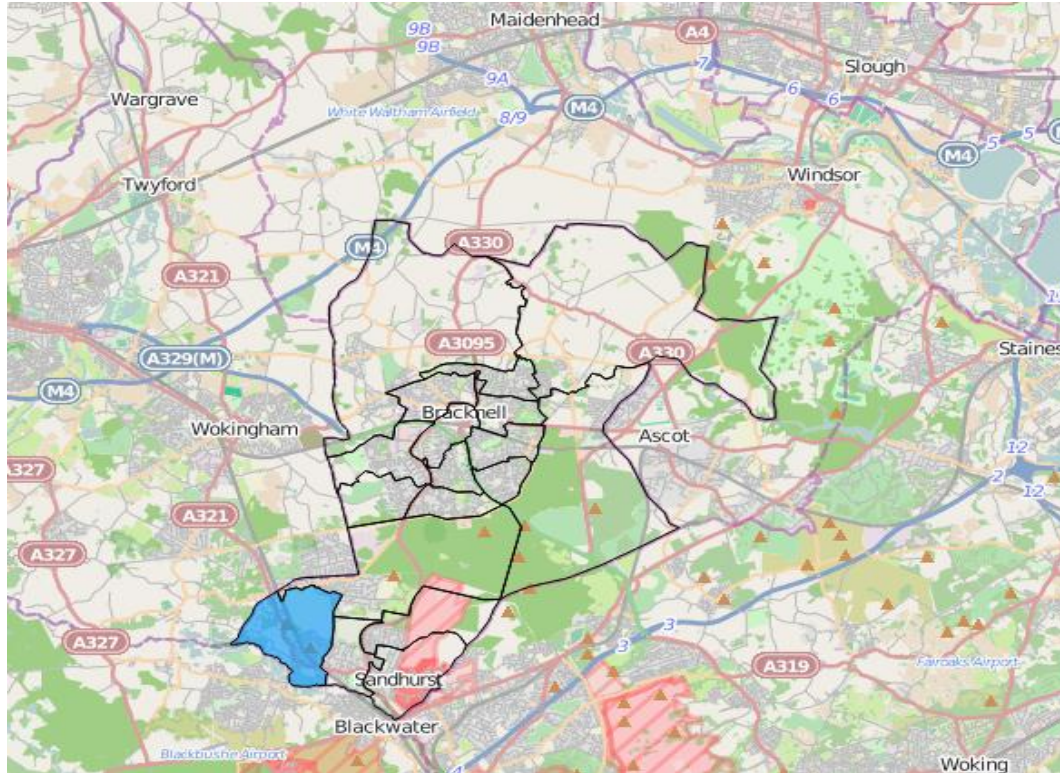


Bracknell Forest

Little Sandhurst and Wellington



INTRODUCTION

CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----------|
| 1. SUMMARY..... | 2 to 3 |
| 2. DEMOGRAPHICS..... | 4 to 6 |
| 3. DEPRIVATION, POVERTY AND ACCESS TO SERVICES..... | 7 |
| 4. ECONOMY AND ENTERPRISE..... | 8 |
| 5. EDUCATION..... | 9 |
| 6. HEALTH..... | 10 to 11 |
| 7. HOUSING..... | 12 |
| 8. COMMUNITY SAFETY..... | 13 |
| 9. ENVIRONMENT..... | 14 |
| 10. SOURCES OF DATA.. | 15 |

This is a profile of Little Sandhurst and Wellington Ward. It is intended to accompany the wider Joint Strategic Needs Assessment of Bracknell Forest. Profiles have been created for each of the Electoral Wards within Bracknell Forest.

The profiles are split into nine topics with these being accompanied by a summary of key findings and supported by metadata (information about the data used within the profiles).

The profiles are a tool which will be regularly developed with both improved functionality and also new and refreshed indicator data. We welcome your comments and suggestions so that we can ensure future developments are relevant and useful to you.

The profiles are in the main based only on data that are collected nationally with a high degree of completeness. This has been supplemented with local data where this has been considered appropriate.

Some indicators may give small numbers at Ward level. This should be taken into consideration when interpreting the data. Small changes in counts can lead to wide variance in the rate, and counts can vary significantly from year to year.

Any provisional conclusions drawn from the profiles should be compared with other sources of information, both quantitative and qualitative.

1. SUMMARY

There are 5,978 people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington, 8.7% of these are children aged 0 to 15 and 8.8% are older people aged 65 and over. The non-white British population accounts for 9.6% of the total population. 89% of the Little Sandhurst and Wellington population were born in the UK. This is more than the average of Bracknell Forest.

Little Sandhurst and Wellington is the 17th most deprived ward in Bracknell Forest (out of 18 Wards). 4.1% of children in Little Sandhurst and Wellington are at risk of living in poverty, compared with 10.2% across Bracknell Forest.

In Little Sandhurst and Wellington 3.4% of the working age population claim benefits compared with 7.4% in Bracknell Forest. 64.66% of the population of Little Sandhurst and Wellington who are aged 16 to 74 years are in employment. This is lower than the average in Bracknell Forest. In Little Sandhurst and Wellington, the majority of people in employment (56% of workers) were employed in Managerial/professional/technical occupations. 27% of workers were employed in Professional occupations. 13.1% of working age people in Little Sandhurst and Wellington have no formal qualifications.

60.2% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved 5 GCSEs at grade A* to C. 84.4% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington achieved 5 GCSEs at grade A* to C. 65.4% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved the expected level of attainment at Key Stage 2. 87.2% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington achieved the expected level of attainment at Key Stage 2.

The average life expectancy at birth for males living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 80.8 years. The average life expectancy at birth for females in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 85.9 years. Death rates from all causes in people aged less than 75 are Lower than expected. Emergency hospital admissions for all causes are Lower than expected*.

An estimated 20.5% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington are obese. An estimated 17.9% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington binge drink. An estimated 30.8% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington eat healthily.

There are a total of 2042 dwellings in Little Sandhurst and Wellington. The most common housing type in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is Detached. This accounts for 48.2% of all housing. The average household size in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 2.5 people and 0.9% of housing in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is classified as needing one or more bedrooms more than it has in order to be adequately sized for the number of people living there.

There were 69 crimes recorded in Little Sandhurst and Wellington during 2013/14. This equates to 11.5 crimes per 1,000 people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington - a rate that is lower than the average across Bracknell Forest.

In Little Sandhurst and Wellington 100% of the population live in areas classified as urban city and town.

* Given the age and gender structure of the population and national death/admission rates

1. SUMMARY

| Category | Indicator | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | Bracknell Forest Average | Ward Range Worst | Local Authority Average | | Ward Range Best |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------------|
| | | | | | Worst | Best | |
| Deprivation & access | Indices of Multiple Deprivation - IMD (2010) | 4.2 | 9.6 | 17.6 | | | 3.0 |
| | % children in Poverty (2012) | 4.1 | 10.2 | 19.9 | | | 3.3 |
| | Access to Services - IMD domain (2010) | 21.5 | 21.3 | 38.7 | | | 13.9 |
| Economy & Enterprise | % Job Seekers Allowance Claimants (November 2013) | 0.5 | 1.5 | 3.1 | | | 0.5 |
| | Post-16 Qualifications - % Level 3 or higher (2011) | 48.0 | 42.7 | 32.1 | | | 55.6 |
| Education | % key Stage 2 Level 4+ (2012) | 87.2 | 80.2 | 67.2 | | | 96.0 |
| | % 5+ GCSEs A*-C (inc Maths and English) (2012) | 84.4 | 60.2 | 35.1 | | | 90.0 |
| Health | All Cause Mortality <75 (2008-10) | 81.0 | 87.4 | 118 | | | 62 |
| | Life Expectancy - males (2008-10) | 79.4 | 80 | 75.5 | | | 84.5 |
| | Life Expectancy - females (2008-10) | 82.8 | 84.5 | 80.7 | | | 88.9 |
| | Emergency hospital admissions for all causes (2010/11) | 70.2 | 75.5 | 88.2 | | | 55.0 |
| | % low Birthweights <2500g (2008-10) | 6.7 | 6.5 | 8.1 | | | 3.0 |
| Housing | % occupancy rating - bedrooms -1 or less (2011) | 0.9 | 3.0 | 5.7 | | | 0.9 |
| | % no Central Heating (2011) | 0.8 | 1.2 | 2.2 | | | 0.3 |
| | % socially Rented (2011) | 3.3 | 16.2 | 34.0 | | | 3.3 |
| Community Safety | Crime rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | 11.5 | 37.1 | 153.7 | | | 11.5 |
| | Anti-social Behaviour rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | 4.5 | 10.3 | 29.9 | | | 2.3 |
| | Theft and handling stolen goods rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | 1.7 | 13.2 | 76.8 | | | 1.7 |
| | Violence with/without injury rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | 1.5 | 6.6 | 22.7 | | | 1.5 |

How to read the spine chart:

The shapes on the graph represent the value of the ward compared against the Local Authority average. If positioned to the right of the average line this suggests the ward is performing 'better' in a particular indicator, to the left suggests it is 'worse'. This does not necessarily mean higher or lower values, e.g. high GCSE attainment is 'better', whereas a high crime rate is 'worse'. The light grey rectangle represents the range between the 'best' and 'worst' wards in the local authority. The yellow circles represent values that are within the 75th and 25th percentile for that indicator, or where most values typically lie. The black triangles represent values that are better than the average, whilst the blue diamond shows values that are worse.

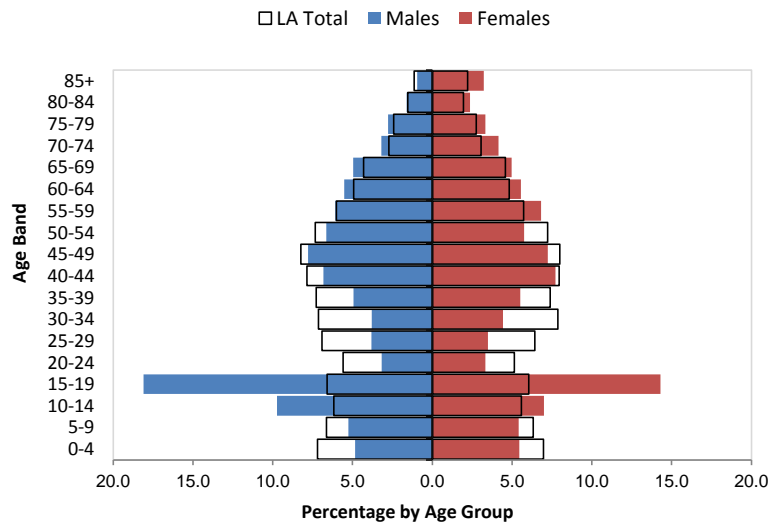
2. DEMOGRAPHICS

- Little Sandhurst and Wellington has a population of 5,978. This figure has increased at a slower rate than it has on average across Bracknell Forest since 2001.
- The working age population is relatively small in comparison to Bracknell Forest.
- Related to this, the ward has a proportionately smaller young population (9%) and a larger older population (9%).
- The 2011 Census indicates that 10% of Little Sandhurst and Wellington are BME, lower than the Bracknell Forest average.
- The largest single BME population is the White: Other White group. This group represents 38.2% of BME people and 3.7% of the total population of the ward.

Population Summary 2013

| | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | Bracknell Forest |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Total Population | 5,978 | - |
| Males | 3,060 | 49.7% |
| Females | 2,918 | 50.3% |
| Children (0-15) | 521 | 9.5% |
| Working Age (16-64) | 1,788 | 32.9% |
| Older People (65+) | 526 | 7.3% |
| BME Population | 571 | 15.1% |
| Population (2001) | 5,691 | - |
| Population Change (2001-2011) | 287 | 6.3% |

Population structure 2013



Religion 2011

| | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | Bracknell Forest |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Christian | 3,838 | 65.5% |
| Buddhist | 16 | 0.3% |
| Hindu | 35 | 0.6% |
| Jewish | 11 | 0.2% |
| Muslim | 33 | 0.6% |
| Sikh | 8 | 0.1% |
| Any other religion | 33 | 0.6% |
| No Religion | 1,493 | 28.4% |
| Religion not stated | 390 | 6.6% |

2. DEMOGRAPHICS

ETHNICITY

| | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | | Bracknell Forest | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | | Bracknell Forest |
|--|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|---------------------------------|----|------------------|
| Total BME (Non White British) Population | 571 | 9.7% | 15.1% | | | |
| White | | | | Asian or Asian British | | |
| British | 5,286 | 88.4% | 84.9% | Indian | 34 | 0.6% |
| Irish | 50 | 0.8% | 0.9% | Pakistani | 14 | 0.2% |
| Gypsy or Irish Traveller | 0 | 0.0% | 0.1% | Bangladeshi | 0 | 0.0% |
| Other White (Including White European) | 218 | 3.6% | 4.7% | Chinese | 30 | 0.5% |
| Mixed | | | | Other Asian | 80 | 1.3% |
| White and Black Caribbean | 27 | 0.5% | 0.6% | Black or Black British | | |
| White and Black African | 9 | 0.2% | 0.3% | Black Caribbean | 28 | 0.5% |
| White and Asian | 36 | 0.6% | 0.7% | Black African | 10 | 0.2% |
| Other Mixed | 19 | 0.3% | 0.5% | Other Black | 4 | 0.1% |
| Other Ethnic Group | | | | | | |
| Other Ethnic Group | 12 | 0.2% | 0.4% | | | |

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

| | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | | Bracknell Forest | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | | Bracknell Forest |
|--|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----|------------------|
| All Households: | 2006 | | 45,878 | Lone Parent | 120 | 6.0% |
| | | | | Dependent children | 87 | 4.3% |
| One Person Household: | 488 | 24.3% | 27.7% | Non dependent children | 33 | 1.6% |
| One Family Household: | 1414 | 70.5% | 65.9% | Other household types | 104 | 5.2% |
| All aged over 65 | 180 | 9.0% | 6.5% | With dependent children | 35 | 1.7% |
| Married or same-sex civil partnership couple | 935 | 46.6% | 38.8% | All full-time students | 1 | 0.0% |
| No children | 337 | 16.8% | 13.5% | All aged 65 and over | 3 | 0.1% |
| Dependent children | 447 | 22.3% | 19.6% | Other | 65 | 46.6% |
| Non dependent children | 151 | 7.5% | 5.7% | | | |
| Cohabiting couple | 179 | 8.9% | 10.9% | | | |
| No children | 101 | 5.0% | 6.4% | | | |
| Dependent children | 71 | 3.5% | 4.0% | | | |
| Non dependent children | 7 | 0.3% | 0.4% | | | |

2. DEMOGRAPHICS

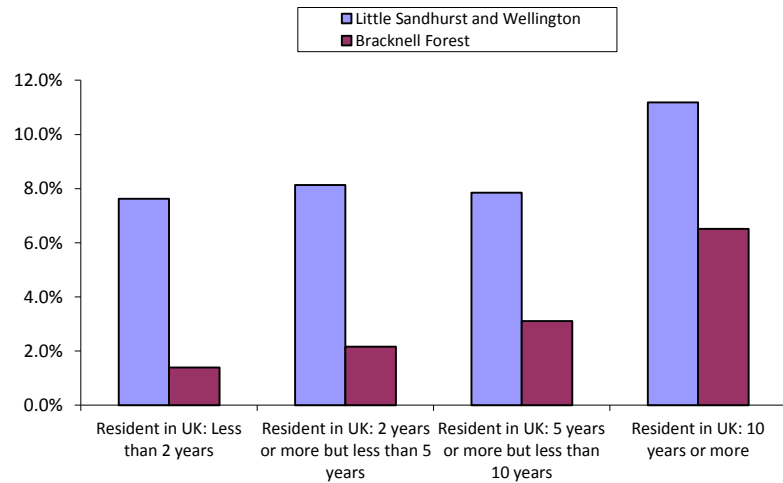
MIGRATION

- 89% of the Little Sandhurst and Wellington population were born in the UK. This is more than the average of Bracknell Forest.
- The majority of people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington who were not born in the UK have been resident in the UK for 10
- The majority of people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington who were not born in the UK moved to the UK when they were aged between 30 to 44.

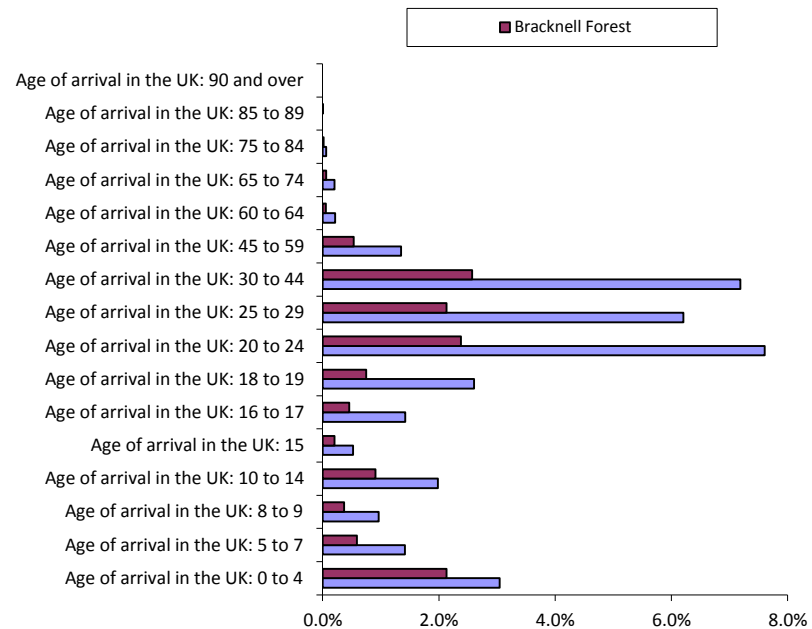
Country of birth 2011

| | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | | Bracknell Forest |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|
| United Kingdom | 5,233 | 89.3% | 86.8% |
| Ireland | 32 | 0.5% | 0.7% |
| Other EU | 165 | 2.8% | 3.7% |
| Other Countries | 427 | 7.3% | 8.8% |

Length of time in UK (non-UK born residents)



Age of arrival in UK (non-UK born residents)



3. DEPRIVATION, POVERTY AND ACCESS TO SERVICES

Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

- Little Sandhurst and Wellington is the 17th most deprived ward in Bracknell Forest (out of 18 Wards).
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Berkshire, according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Bracknell Forest, according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.

Child Poverty

- 4.1% of children in Little Sandhurst and Wellington are at risk of living in poverty, compared with 10.2% across Bracknell Forest.
- This figure has risen by -0.6% since 2006.

Free school meals

- 7.9% of children living in Bracknell Forest and attending schools in Bracknell Forest are eligible for and receiving free school meals. 2.8% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington are eligible for and receiving free school meals.

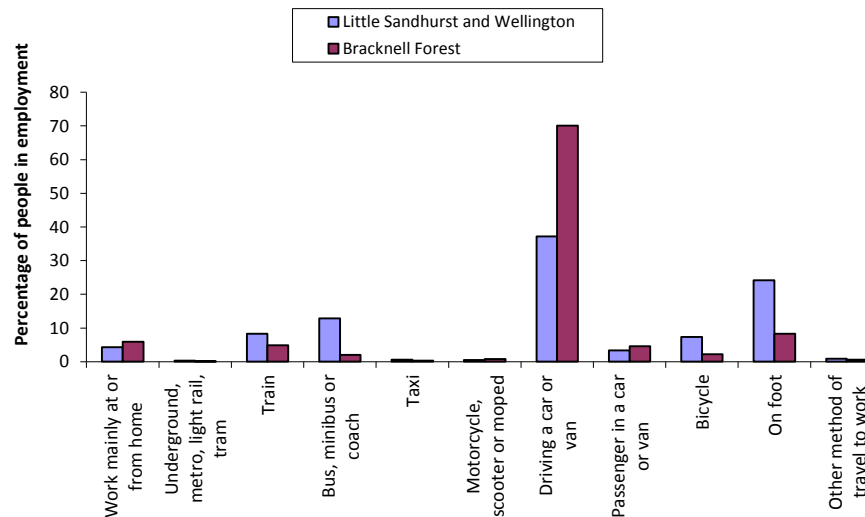
Accessibility

- Local bus services are provided by First in Berkshire & The Thames Valley and Courtney Buses. Sandhurst railway station is a stop on the North Downs Line from Reading to Guildford, Redhill and Gatwick Airport and is operated by First Great Western.
- Bracknell has two main railway stations, Bracknell and Martins Heron, both of which are on the Waterloo to Reading Line operated by South West Trains. As a consequence of the frequent service on this line, Bracknell is now a major commuter centre with its residents travelling in both directions (westwards to Reading and eastwards to London Waterloo).

Access to Services

- There are 184 households in Little Sandhurst and Wellington who do not own a car or van. This is 9.2% of all households in the Ward which is fewer than the Bracknell Forest average.
- The indices of multiple deprivation includes a measure of barriers to housing and services. On this measure Little Sandhurst and Wellington is the 8th most deprived ward in Bracknell Forest (out of 18 Wards).
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Berkshire, on this measure according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Bracknell Forest on this measure according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.

Method of travel to work



4. ECONOMY AND ENTERPRISE

In Little Sandhurst and Wellington 3.4% of the working age population claim benefits compared with 7.4% in Bracknell Forest. Broken down:

| Statistical Group | Little Sandhurst and Wellington | | Bracknell Forest | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Job Seekers | 20 | 0.5% | 1,170 | 1.5% |
| ESA and Incapacity Benefits | 45 | 1.2% | 2,475 | 3.2% |
| Lone parents | 10 | 0.3% | 675 | 0.9% |
| Carers | 15 | 0.4% | 605 | 0.8% |
| Other income benefits | 5 | 0.1% | 130 | 0.2% |
| Disabled | 25 | 0.7% | 665 | 0.8% |
| Bereaved | 10 | 0.3% | 125 | 0.2% |
| Total Claimants | 130 | 3.4% | 5,845 | 7.4% |

Qualifications

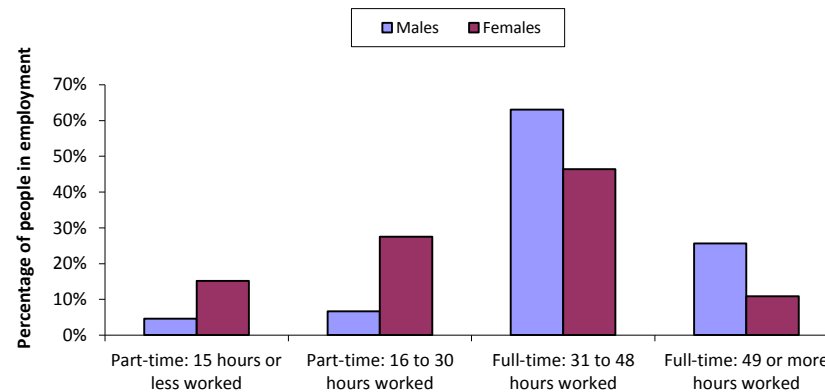
Recent statistics on qualifications are available at ward level using data collected as part of the 2011 Census. This showed that:

- 13.1% of working age people in Little Sandhurst and Wellington have no formal qualifications.
- 48% were qualified to NVQ Level 3 or higher compared with 43% in Bracknell Forest as a whole.
- Please see the 'Education' section of these Ward Profiles for information on school attainment.

Employment

- In Little Sandhurst and Wellington, the majority of people in employment (56% of workers) were employed in Managerial/professional/technical occupations. 27% of workers were employed in Professional occupations.
- In Bracknell Forest as a whole the majority of people in employment (47% of workers) were employed in Managerial/professional/technical occupations. 19% of workers were employed in Professional occupations.
- 64.66% of the population of Little Sandhurst and Wellington who are aged 16 to 74 years are in employment. This is lower than the average in Bracknell Forest.
- 2% of the population of Little Sandhurst and Wellington who are aged 16 to 74 years are unemployed. This is lower than the average in Bracknell Forest.

Hours worked



5. EDUCATION

We have to treat the following data with some caution due to the small numbers that are involved in the calculations. It is likely that differences between areas will be largely due to random effects occurring within the data. Data is only available at a Ward level for children who both live in, and attend school within, the local authority.

Pupil characteristics

- 16.2% of children living in Bracknell Forest come from non-White British backgrounds. 9.3% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington come from non-White British backgrounds.
- 8.7% of children living in Bracknell Forest have English as a second language. 3.6% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington have English as a second language.

Unauthorised absences

- 0.8% of school sessions were missed through unauthorised absences by children living in Bracknell Forest. School absence data is not available for Little Sandhurst and Wellington.

Key Stage 2 attainment

- 65.4% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved the expected level of attainment in Key Stage 2. 87.2% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington achieved the expected level of attainment in Key Stage 2.

GCSE attainment

- 60.2% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved 5 GCSEs at grades A* to C which included English and Maths. 84.4% of children living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington achieved 5 GCSEs at grades A* to C which included English and Maths.

Schools

- There are four schools located in Little Sandhurst and Wellington; New Scotland Hill Primary School, St Michael's Church of England Primary School, Wellington College, a secondary school, and Eagle House School.

6. HEALTH

It is often difficult to use health data when looking at small areas such as Wards. This is because of the size of the numbers involved. For example, only a few people from each Ward may be admitted to hospital each year for a specific condition. When we are looking at numbers that are very small we have to consider two key points before they are used in profiles such as this. Firstly, when numbers are small we are not legally able to share them as the individual may be identifiable from the data. Secondly, it is difficult to come to any reliable conclusions from information which is based on these small numbers. It may also be the case that the information is not available at these low levels. This is particularly true of information about peoples lifestyles (for example, how many people smoke or drink alcohol). One of the ways that this is overcome is to use 'modelled' data. This is data that has been taken from a much larger number of people and used to estimate the likelihood of a certain characteristic appearing in other areas such as Wards depending on some key features of that area such as how many people of a particular age group live there.

- The percentage of live births to mothers living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington which were of a low birth weight is estimated to be 6.3%. The percentage on average across Bracknell Forest is 6.3%. Any difference is not statistically significant.
- The number of people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington who are diagnosed with cancer is as expected given the age and gender structure of the population.
- The average life expectancy at birth for males living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 80.8 years. The average life expectancy at birth for females in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 85.9 years.

Deaths

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Deaths from all causes, all ages | Lower than expected* |
| Deaths from all causes, under 65 | Lower than expected |
| Deaths from all causes, under 75 | Lower than expected |
| Deaths from all cancer, all ages | As expected |
| Deaths from all cancer, under 75 | As expected |
| Deaths from circulatory disease, all ages | Lower than expected |
| Deaths from respiratory diseases, all ages | As expected |

* Given the age and gender structure of the population and national death rate

Hospital admissions

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Emergency hospital admissions for all causes | Lower than expected* |
| Planned hospital admissions for all causes | Lower than expected |
| Emergency hospital admissions for all coronary heart disease | Lower than expected |
| Emergency hospital admissions for stroke | As expected |
| Emergency hospital admissions for heart attack | Lower than expected |
| Emergency hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease | Lower than expected |

* Given the age and gender structure of the population and national admission rates

6. HEALTH

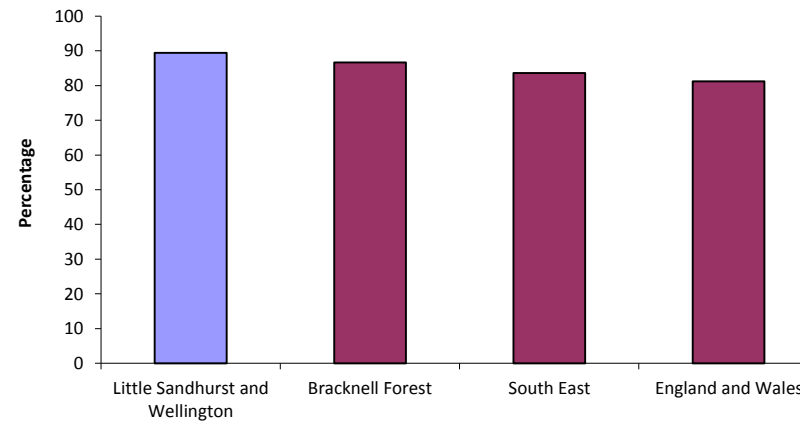
Lifestyles

- The heights and weights of children in reception year and year 6 are measured annually as part of the National Child Measurement Programme. 6% of reception year children in Little Sandhurst and Wellington are obese. An average of 7.5% of reception year children in Bracknell Forest are obese.
- The number of year six children measured who live in Little Sandhurst and Wellington was less than 5 so data is not shown in this profile
- An estimated 20.5% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington are obese.
- An estimated 17.9% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington binge drink.
- An estimated 30.8% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington eat healthily.

Sense of health and wellbeing

- According to the 2011 Census 89.4% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington feel that they are in either good or very good health.
- 4.2% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington feel that their lives are limited a lot due to ill health or disability and 6.5% of adults in Little Sandhurst and Wellington feel that their lives are limited a little due to ill health or disability.

People providing at least one hour of unpaid care per week

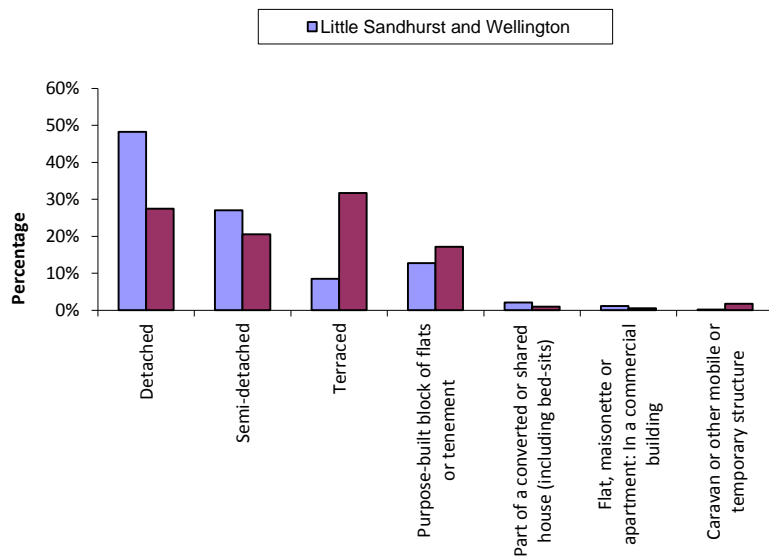


7. HOUSING

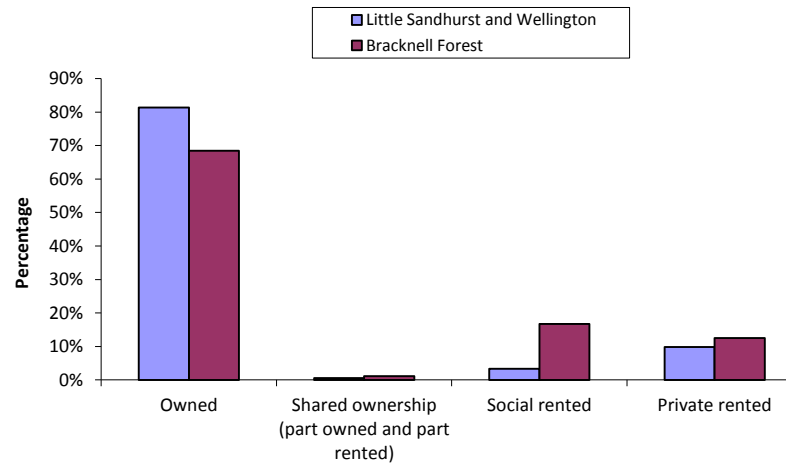
- The most common council tax band in which housing in Bracknell Forest falls is Band C. This accounts for 37.5% of all dwellings. The most common council tax band in which housing in Little Sandhurst and Wellington falls is Band E. This accounts for 31.9% of all dwellings.
- There are a total of 2042 dwellings in Little Sandhurst and Wellington. 0% of these are shared dwellings. This is fewer than the average number of shared dwellings across Bracknell Forest.
- The most common housing type in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is Detached. This accounts for 48.2% of all housing.

- The average household size in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 2.5 people. Which is larger than the average for Bracknell Forest.
- The average number of rooms in houses in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 6.4. Which is more than the average for Bracknell Forest.
- The average number of bedrooms in houses in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is 3.2. Which is more than the average for Bracknell Forest.
- 0.9% of housing in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is classified as needing one or more bedrooms more than it has in order to be adequately sized for the number of people living there. This is fewer households than the Bracknell Forest average.
- 0.8% of houses in Little Sandhurst and Wellington do not have central heating. Which is fewer than the average for Bracknell Forest.

Housing types

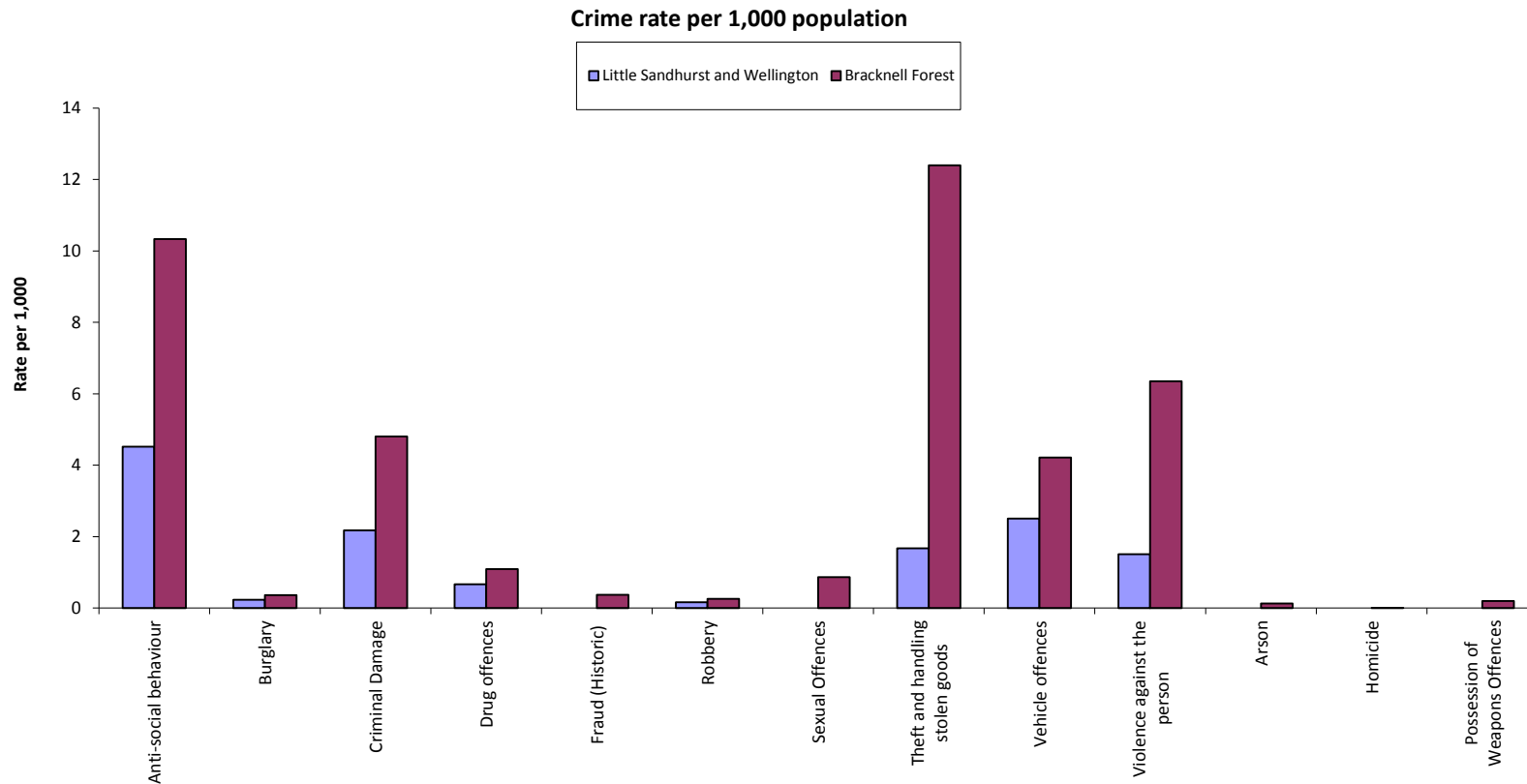


Housing tenure



8. COMMUNITY SAFETY

- There were 69 crimes recorded in Little Sandhurst and Wellington during 2013/14. This equates to 11.5 crimes per 1,000 people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington - a rate that is lower than the average across Bracknell Forest.
- The most commonly occurring crime was classified as ASB for which there were 4.52 crimes per 1,000 people living in Little Sandhurst and Wellington.

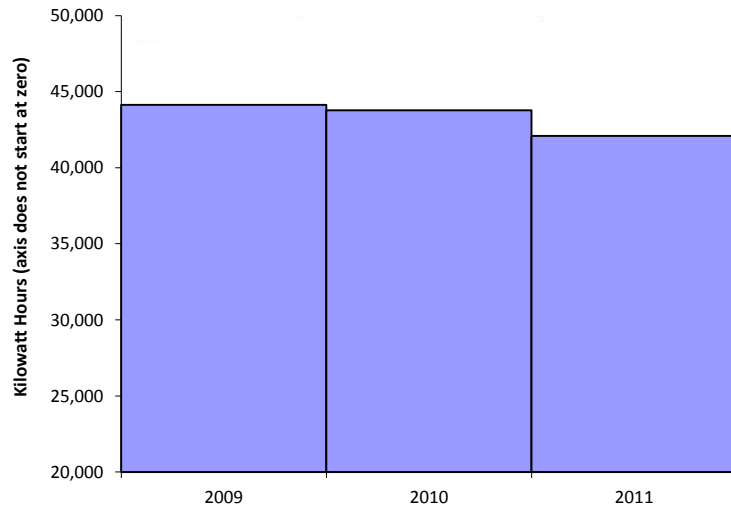


9. ENVIRONMENT

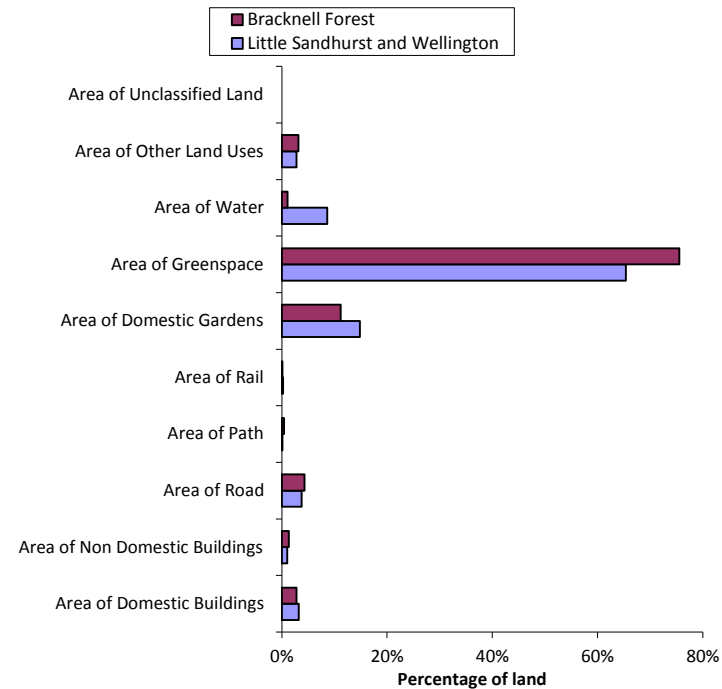
- In Little Sandhurst and Wellington 100% of the population live in areas classified as urban city and town.
- Little Sandhurst and Wellington has an area of 516 hectares which represents 4.72% of the total area of Bracknell Forest Unitary.
- Population density describes the average number of people living in each hectare of land in an area. There are an average of 11.4 people living in each hectare of Little Sandhurst and Wellington. This is more than are living on average in each hectare of Bracknell Forest.

The most common land use in Little Sandhurst and Wellington is areas of Greenspace, this is followed by areas of Domestic Gardens and areas of Water.

Total domestic energy consumption



Land use



10. SOURCES OF DATA

| Item | Source | Date | Description |
|--|--|-----------|---|
| 1. Summary Indicators | | | |
| Indices of Multiple Deprivation - IMD (2012) | Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) | 2010 | A national index of deprivation, where 32,480 Lower Super Output Areas are ranked in order of relative deprivation |
| % children in Poverty (2012) | Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) | 2014 | Measures the % of children in households receiving Child Tax Credits and with incomes 60% or less of the median |
| Access to Services - IMD domain (2010) | DCLG | 2010 | A national index of deprivation, where 32,480 Lower Super Output Areas are ranked in order of relative deprivation |
| % JSA Claimants (November 2014) | NOMIS | 2014 | DWP benefits data published by NOMIS |
| Post-16 Qualifications - % Level 3 or higher (2011) | 2011 Census | 2011 | % of working age population with level 3 or higher |
| % key Stage 2 Level 4+ (2012) | DFE/Berkshire Local Authorities | 2011/12 | % of pupils achieving Level 4 or higher in both English and Maths |
| % 5+ GCSEs A*-C (inc Maths and English) (2012) | DFE/Berkshire Local Authorities | 2011/12 | % of pupils achieving 5 or more GCSEs at grade A*-C including English and Maths |
| All Cause Mortality <75 (2008-10) | Public Health England | 2006-2010 | Age/sex standardised mortality rates |
| Life Expectancy - males (2008-10) | Public Health England | 2006-2010 | Life expectancy at birth calculated from all cause, all age mortality |
| Life Expectancy - females (2008-10) | Public Health England | 2006-2010 | Life expectancy at birth calculated from all cause, all age mortality |
| Emergency hospital admissions for all causes (2010/11) | Public Health England | 2006-2010 | Age/sex standardised hospital admission rates |
| % low Birthweights <2500g (2008-10) | Public Health England | 2007-2011 | Percentage of live births with weight <2,500g |
| % occupancy rating - bedrooms -1 or less (2011) | Public Health England | 2011 | A measure of under-occupancy and over-crowding. A value of -1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding in the household. |
| % no Central Heating (2011) | 2011 Census | 2011 | The percentage of housing which does not have central heating |
| % socially Rented (2011) | 2011 Census | 2011 | The percentage of households that socially rent |
| Crime rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | 2011 Census | 2014 | Total crime rate per 1,000 population |
| Anti-social Behaviour rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | Thames Valley Police | 2014 | Total ASB rate per 1,000 population |
| Theft and handling stolen goods rate per 1,000 (2013/14) | Thames Valley Police | 2014 | Total Theft and Handling of Stolen Goods rate per 1,000 population |
| Violence with/without injury (2013/14) | Thames Valley Police | 2014 | Total violence with/without injury rate per 1,000 population |
| 2. Demographics | | | |
| Population size | Office for National Statistics (ONS) | 2013 | Usual resident population on Census day 2011 |
| Ethnicity | ONS | 2011 | Ethnic group of usual resident population on Census day 2011. BME is defined by ONS as including White Irish, White other (including White asylum seekers and refugees and Gypsies and Travellers), mixed (White & Black Caribbean, White & Black African, White & Asian, any other mixed background), Asian or Asian British (Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, any other Asian background), Black or Black British (Caribbean, African or any other Black background), Chinese, and any other ethnic group. |
| Religion | ONS | 2011 | Religion or belief of usual resident population on Census day 2011 |

| Item | Source | Date | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|
| Household composition | ONS | 2011 | Members of each household on Census day 2011 |
| Migration | ONS | 2011 | Usual residents who were not born in the UK recorded on Census day 2011 |
| 3. Deprivation | | | |
| Indices of Multiple Deprivation | DCLG | 2010 | A national index of deprivation, where 32,480 Lower Super Output Areas are ranked in order of relative deprivation. The Indices of Deprivation 2010 is not a measure of affluence; all of the indicators used in the index are designed to identify aspects of deprivation, not affluence. Therefore the area ranked as the least deprived is not necessarily the most affluent. Follow link for more information: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/6320/1870718.pdf |
| Child Poverty | DWP | 2010 | Measures the % of children in households receiving Child Tax Credits and with incomes 60% or less of the median |
| Pupils eligible for free school meals | Department for Education (DFE) and Berkshire Local Authorities | 2011/12 | % of pupils eligible for free school meals |
| Car Ownership/Public Transport | ONS | 2011 | Car ownership per household as recorded on Census day 2011 |
| Method of travel to work | ONS | 2011 | Method of travel to work (those in employment) as recorded on Census day 2011 |
| 4. Economy and enterprise | | | |
| Benefits claimants | DWP/NOMIS | 2013 | DWP benefits data published by NOMIS |
| Employment status | ONS | November 2011 | Employment status as recorded on Census day 2011 |
| Qualifications | ONS | 2011 | Highest level of qualification as recorded on Census day 2012 |
| 5. Education | | | |
| All education indicators | DFE/Berkshire Local Authorities | 2012 | The educational data provides 2012 year-end information on pupil residency-based small area pupil attainment. Pupils who reside and attend schools within the Local Authority |
| 6. Health | | | |
| Low birth weight babies | Public Health England | 2008-2012 | Percentage of live births with weight <2,500g |
| Cancer diagnoses | Public Health England | 2005-2009 | Cancer incidence rates - age/sex standardised |
| Life expectancy | Public Health England | 2008-2012 | Life expectancy at birth calculated from all cause, all age mortality |
| Mortality | Public Health England | 2008-2012 | Age/sex standardised mortality rates |
| Hospital admissions | Public Health England | 2008/09-2012/13 | Age/sex standardised hospital admission rates |
| Childhood obesity | Public Health England | 2010/11-2012/13 | Children classified as having a body mass index of 30 or more recorded during the National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) |
| Lifestyle behaviours | Public Health England | 2006-2008 | Self-reported lifestyle behaviours as measured in the Health Survey for England |
| Sense of health and wellbeing | ONS | 2011 | Persons self-reported wellbeing on Census day 2011 |
| Providing unpaid care | ONS | 2011 | Persons reporting themselves as providing unpaid care at least one hour per week on Census day 2011 |
| 7. Housing | | | |
| Council tax bands | Neighbourhood Statistics | 2011 | Council tax bands of dwelling stock |
| Number of dwellings | ONS | 2011 | Number of dwellings recorded on Census day 2011 |
| Shared dwellings | ONS | 2011 | Dwellings containing members belonging to two or more different families |
| Household size | ONS | 2011 | The average number of people resident in a household |

| Item | Source | Date | Description |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---|
| Room numbers | ONS | 2011 | The average number of rooms in a household |
| Household size | ONS | 2011 | The average number of people resident in a household |
| Central heating | ONS | 2011 | The percentage of housing which does not have central heating |
| 8. Community Safety | | | |
| Crime rates | Thames Valley Police | 2013/14 | Number of recorded crimes per 1,000 population |
| 9. Environment | | | |
| Urban/rural classification | ONS | 2012 | ONS urban/rural classification (lower super output area). A super output area is a geographical area designed for the collection and publication of small area statistics. There are two layers: smaller Lower SOAs and larger middle SOAs. |
| Population density | ONS | 2011 | Persons per hectare |
| Domestic energy consumption | Neighbourhood Statistics | 2009-2011 | Domestic energy consumption (kilowatt hours) |
| Land Use | Neighbourhood Statistics | 2005 | Land use statistics in square meters, from the Generalised Land use Database (GLUD) |

Acknowledgments

Sheffield City Council Ward Profiles - David Leather - <https://www.sheffield.gov.uk/your-city-council/sheffield-profile/ward-profiles.html>

Ward Maps - © OpenStreetMap Contributors - [reports.esd.org.uk](https://www.openstreetmap.org/)

Ward Pictures - <http://www.geograph.org.uk>

Picture 1 © Copyright Michael Ford and licensed for reuse under this Creative Commons Licence.

Picture 2 © Copyright Don Cload and licensed for reuse under this Creative Commons Licence.

Picture 3 © Copyright Don Cload and licensed for reuse under this Creative Commons Licence.