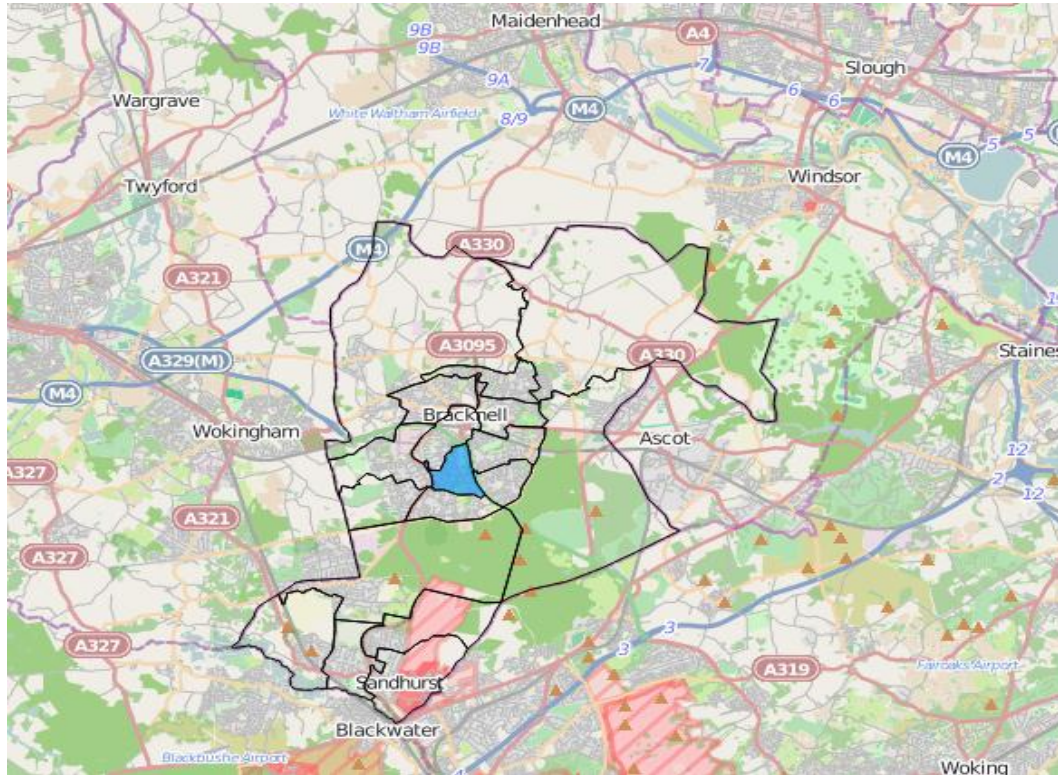


Bracknell Forest

Old Bracknell



INTRODUCTION

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This is a profile of Old Bracknell Ward. It is intended to accompany the wider Joint Strategic Needs Assessment of Bracknell Forest. Profiles have been created for each of the Electoral Wards within Bracknell Forest.

The profiles are split into nine topics with these being accompanied by a summary of key findings and supported by metadata (information about the data used within the profiles).

The profiles are a tool which will be regularly developed with both improved functionality and also new and refreshed indicator data. We welcome your comments and suggestions so that we can ensure future developments are relevant and useful to you.

The profiles are in the main based only on data that are collected nationally with a high degree of completeness. This has been supplemented with local data where this has been considered appropriate.

Some indicators may give small numbers at Ward level. This should be taken into consideration when interpreting the data. Small changes in counts can lead to wide variance in the rate, and counts can vary significantly from year to year.

Any provisional conclusions drawn from the profiles should be compared with other sources of information, both quantitative and qualitative.

1. SUMMARY

There are 5,878 people living in Old Bracknell, 10.2% of these are children aged 0 to 15 and 6.2% are older people aged 65 and over. The non-white British population accounts for 16.6% of the total population. 86% of the Old Bracknell population were born in the UK. This is fewer than the average of Bracknell Forest.

Old Bracknell is the 4th most deprived ward in Bracknell Forest (out of 18 Wards). 17.7% of children in Old Bracknell are at risk of living in poverty, compared with 10.2% across Bracknell Forest.

In Old Bracknell 11.6% of the working age population claim benefits compared with 7.4% in Bracknell Forest. 70.28% of the population of Old Bracknell who are aged 16 to 74 years are in employment. This is lower than the average in Bracknell Forest. In Old Bracknell, the majority of people in employment (40% of workers) were employed in Managerial/professional/technical occupations. 17% of workers were employed in Professional occupations. 18.5% of working age people in Old Bracknell have no formal qualifications.

60.2% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved 5 GCSEs at grade A* to C. 47.9% of children living in Old Bracknell achieved 5 GCSEs at grade A* to C. 65.4% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved the expected level of attainment at Key Stage 2. 73.4% of children living in Old Bracknell achieved the expected level of attainment at Key Stage 2.

The average life expectancy at birth for males living in Old Bracknell is 79.4 years. The average life expectancy at birth for females in Old Bracknell is 83.4 years. Death rates from all causes in people aged less than 75 are As expected. Emergency hospital admissions for all causes are Lower than expected*.

An estimated 25.2% of adults in Old Bracknell are obese. An estimated 20.4% of adults in Old Bracknell binge drink. An estimated 25.1% of adults in Old Bracknell eat healthily.

There are a total of 2480 dwellings in Old Bracknell. The most common housing type in Old Bracknell is Terraced. This accounts for 49.8% of all housing. The average household size in Old Bracknell is 2.3 people and 3.6% of housing in Old Bracknell is classified as needing one or more bedrooms more than it has in order to be adequately sized for the number of people living there.

There were 385 crimes recorded in Old Bracknell during 2013/14. This equates to 65.5 crimes per 1,000 people living in Old Bracknell - a rate that is lower than the average across Bracknell Forest.

In Old Bracknell 100% of the population live in areas classified as urban city and town.

** Given the age and gender structure of the population and national death/admission rates*

1. SUMMARY

Category	Indicator	Old Bracknell	Bracknell Forest Average	Ward Range Worst	Local Authority Average		Ward Range Best
					← Worst	Best →	
Deprivation & access	Indices of Multiple Deprivation - IMD (2010)	14.9	9.6	17.6			3.0
	% children in Poverty (2012)	17.7	10.2	19.9			3.3
	Access to Services - IMD domain (2010)	17.8	21.3	38.7			13.9
Economy & Enterprise	% Job Seekers Allowance Claimants (November 2013)	3.1	1.5	3.1			0.5
	Post-16 Qualifications - % Level 3 or higher (2011)	36.3	42.7	32.1			55.6
Education	% key Stage 2 Level 4+ (2012)	73.4	80.2	67.2			96.0
	% 5+ GCSEs A*-C (inc Maths and English) (2012)	47.9	60.2	35.1			90.0
Health	All Cause Mortality <75 (2008-10)	101.3	87.4	118			62
	Life Expectancy - males (2008-10)	79.1	80	75.5			84.5
	Life Expectancy - females (2008-10)	82.5	84.5	80.7			88.9
	Emergency hospital admissions for all causes (2010/11)	81.4	75.5	88.2			55.0
	% low Birthweights <2500g (2008-10)	6.7	6.5	8.1			3.0
Housing	% occupancy rating - bedrooms -1 or less (2011)	3.6	3.0	5.7			0.9
	% no Central Heating (2011)	1.3	1.2	2.2			0.3
	% socially Rented (2011)	28.9	16.2	34.0			3.3
Community Safety	Crime rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	65.5	37.1	153.7			11.5
	Anti-social Behaviour rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	15.5	10.3	29.9			2.3
	Theft and handling stolen goods rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	24.8	13.2	76.8			1.7
	Violence with/without injury rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	12.9	6.6	22.7			1.5

How to read the spine chart:

The shapes on the graph represent the value of the ward compared against the Local Authority average. If positioned to the right of the average line this suggests the ward is performing 'better' in a particular indicator, to the left suggests it is 'worse'. This does not necessarily mean higher or lower values, e.g. high GCSE attainment is 'better', whereas a high crime rate is 'worse'. The light grey rectangle represents the range between the 'best' and 'worst' wards in the local authority. The yellow circles represent values that are within the 75th and 25th percentile for that indicator, or where most values typically lie. The black triangles represent values that are better than the average, whilst the blue diamond shows values that are worse.

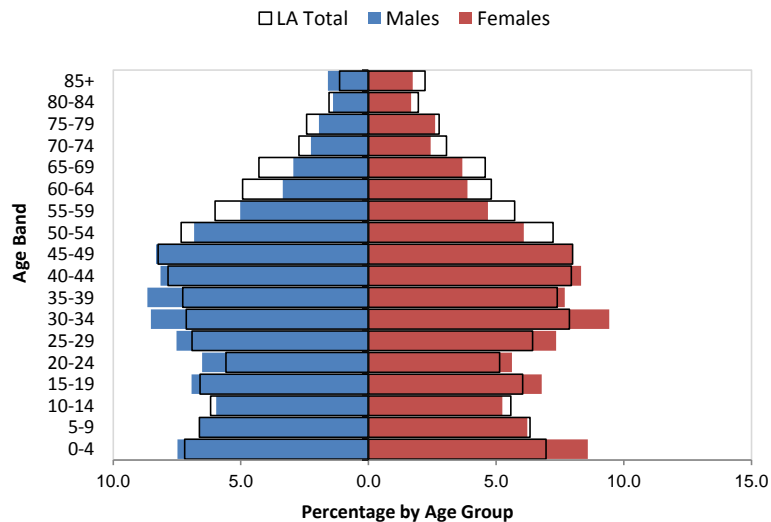
2. DEMOGRAPHICS

- Old Bracknell has a population of 5,878. This figure has increased at a greater rate than it has on average across Bracknell Forest since 2001.
- The working age population is relatively large in comparison to Bracknell Forest.
- Related to this, the ward has a proportionately larger young population (10%) and a smaller older population (6%).
- The 2011 Census indicates that 17% of Old Bracknell are BME, higher than the Bracknell Forest average.
- The largest single BME population is the White: Other White group. This group represents 30.9% of BME people and 5.4% of the total population of the ward.

Population Summary 2013

	Old Bracknell	Bracknell Forest
Total Population	5,878	-
Males	2,886	49.1%
Females	2,992	50.9%
Children (0-15)	600	10.2%
Working Age (16-64)	1,988	33.8%
Older People (65+)	363	6.2%
BME Population	977	16.6%
Population (2001)	4,665	-
Population Change (2001-2011)	1,213	26.0%

Population structure 2013



Religion 2011

	Old Bracknell	Bracknell Forest
Christian	3,162	56.4%
Buddhist	31	0.6%
Hindu	101	1.8%
Jewish	7	0.1%
Muslim	101	1.8%
Sikh	14	0.2%
Any other religion	36	0.6%
No Religion	1,791	31.9%
Religion not stated	368	6.6%

2. DEMOGRAPHICS

ETHNICITY

	Old Bracknell		Bracknell Forest		Old Bracknell		Bracknell Forest	
Total BME (Non White British) Population	977	17.4%	15.1%					
White				Asian or Asian British				
British	4,634	78.8%	84.9%	Indian	121	2.1%	1.8%	
Irish	53	0.9%	0.9%	Pakistani	44	0.7%	0.5%	
Gypsy or Irish Traveller	4	0.1%	0.1%	Bangladeshi	8	0.1%	0.1%	
Other White (Including White European)	302	5.1%	4.7%	Chinese	14	0.2%	0.5%	
Mixed				Other Asian	78	1.3%	2.2%	
White and Black Caribbean	49	0.8%	0.6%	Black or Black British				
White and Black African	23	0.4%	0.3%	Black Caribbean	152	2.6%	1.4%	
White and Asian	37	0.6%	0.7%	Black African	20	0.3%	0.4%	
Other Mixed	40	0.7%	0.5%	Other Black	14	0.2%	0.2%	
Other Ethnic Group								
Other Ethnic Group	18	0.3%	0.4%					

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

	Old Bracknell		Bracknell Forest		Old Bracknell		Bracknell Forest	
All Households:	2402		45,878					
				Lone Parent	315	13.1%	9.7%	
				Dependent children	222	9.2%	6.6%	
One Person Household:	750	31.2%	27.7%	Non dependent children	93	3.9%	3.1%	
One Family Household:	1484	61.8%	65.9%	Other household types	168	7.0%	6.4%	
All aged over 65	140	5.8%	6.5%	With dependent children	63	2.6%	2.3%	
Married or same-sex civil partnership couple	760	31.6%	38.8%	All full-time students	5	0.2%	0.1%	
No children	269	11.2%	13.5%	All aged 65 and over	5	0.2%	0.2%	
Dependent children	390	16.2%	19.6%	Other	95	31.6%	38.8%	
Non dependent children	101	4.2%	5.7%					
Cohabiting couple	269	11.2%	10.9%					
No children	140	5.8%	6.4%					
Dependent children	117	4.9%	4.0%					
Non dependent children	12	0.5%	0.4%					

2. DEMOGRAPHICS

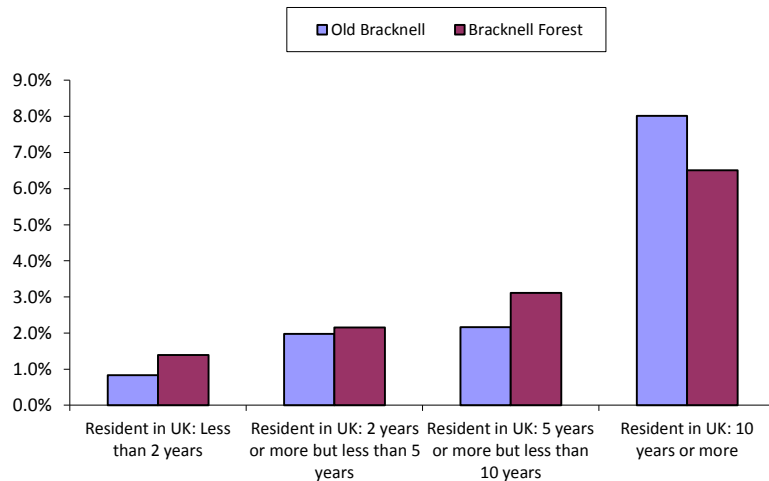
MIGRATION

- 86% of the Old Bracknell population were born in the UK. This is fewer than the average of Bracknell Forest.
- The majority of people living in Old Bracknell who were not born in the UK have been resident in the UK for 10 years or more.
- The majority of people living in Old Bracknell who were not born in the UK moved to the UK when they were aged between 30 to 44.

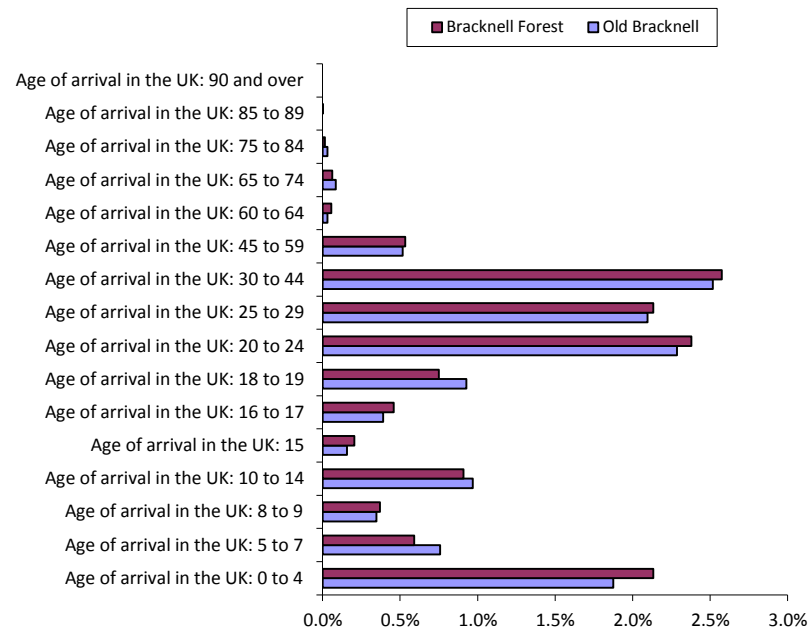
Country of birth 2011

	Old Bracknell		Bracknell Forest
United Kingdom	4,807	85.7%	86.8%
Ireland	47	0.8%	0.7%
Other EU	231	4.1%	3.7%
Other Countries	526	9.4%	8.8%

Length of time in UK (non-UK born residents)



Age of arrival in UK (non-UK born residents)



3. DEPRIVATION, POVERTY AND ACCESS TO SERVICES

Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

- Old Bracknell is the 4th most deprived ward in Bracknell Forest (out of 18 Wards).
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Berkshire, according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Bracknell Forest, according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.

Child Poverty

- 17.7% of children in Old Bracknell are at risk of living in poverty, compared with 10.2% across Bracknell Forest.
- This figure has risen by 3.3% since 2006.

Free school meals

- 7.9% of children living in Bracknell Forest and attending schools in Bracknell Forest are eligible for and receiving free school meals. 17.3% of children living in Old Bracknell are eligible for and receiving free school meals.

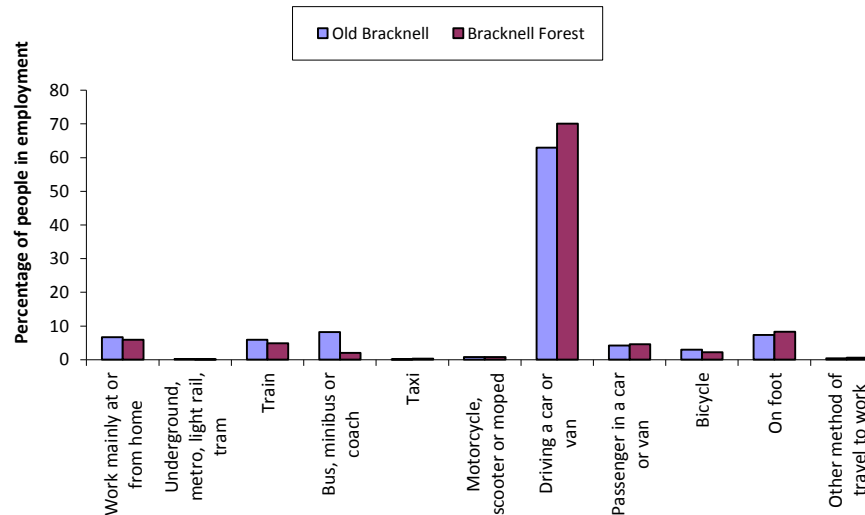
Accessibility

- Old Bracknell is a 29 minutes walk from the centre of Bracknell. Local bus services are provided by First in Berkshire & The Thames Valley and Courtney Buses.
- Bracknell has two main railway stations, Bracknell and Martins Heron, both of which are on the Waterloo to Reading Line operated by South West Trains. As a consequence of the frequent service on this line, Bracknell is now a major commuter centre with its residents travelling in both directions (westwards to Reading and eastwards to London Waterloo).

Access to Services

- There are 492 households in Old Bracknell who do not own a car or van. This is 20.5% of all households in the Ward which is more than the Bracknell Forest average.
- The indices of multiple deprivation includes a measure of barriers to housing and services. On this measure Old Bracknell is the 13th most deprived ward in Bracknell Forest (out of 18 Wards).
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Berkshire, on this measure according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.
- There are no people in the ward who are living in areas classed amongst the 5% most deprived in Bracknell Forest on this measure according to the latest Indices of Deprivation.

Method of travel to work



4. ECONOMY AND ENTERPRISE

In Old Bracknell 11.6% of the working age population claim benefits compared with 7.4% in Bracknell Forest. Broken down:

Statistical Group	Old Bracknell		Bracknell Forest	
Job Seekers	125	3.1%	1,170	1.5%
ESA and Incapacity Benefits	185	4.6%	2,475	3.2%
Lone parents	50	1.2%	675	0.9%
Carers	35	0.9%	605	0.8%
Other income benefits	15	0.4%	130	0.2%
Disabled	50	1.2%	665	0.8%
Bereaved	5	0.1%	125	0.2%
Total Claimants	465	11.6%	5,845	7.4%

Qualifications

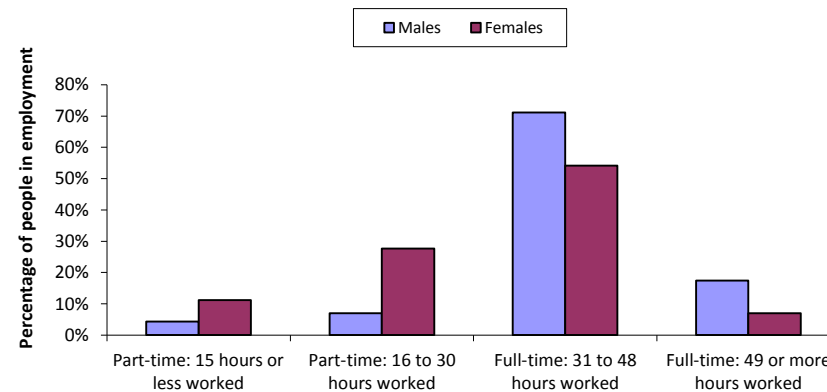
Recent statistics on qualifications are available at ward level using data collected as part of the 2011 Census. This showed that:

- 18.5% of working age people in Old Bracknell have no formal qualifications.
- 36.3% were qualified to NVQ Level 3 or higher compared with 43% in Bracknell Forest as a whole.
- Please see the 'Education' section of these Ward Profiles for information on school attainment.

Employment

- In Old Bracknell, the majority of people in employment (40% of workers) were employed in Managerial/professional/technical occupations. 17% of workers were employed in Professional occupations.
- In Bracknell Forest as a whole the majority of people in employment (47% of workers) were employed in Managerial/professional/technical occupations. 19% of workers were employed in Professional occupations.
- 70.28% of the population of Old Bracknell who are aged 16 to 74 years are in employment. This is lower than the average in Bracknell Forest.
- 5.2% of the population of Old Bracknell who are aged 16 to 74 years are unemployed. This is higher than the average in Bracknell Forest.

Hours worked



5. EDUCATION

We have to treat the following data with some caution due to the small numbers that are involved in the calculations. It is likely that differences between areas will be largely due to random effects occurring within the data. Data is only available at a Ward level for children who both live in, and attend school within, the local authority.

Pupil characteristics

- 16.2% of children living in Bracknell Forest come from non-White British backgrounds. 19.8% of children living in Old Bracknell come from non-White British backgrounds.
- 8.7% of children living in Bracknell Forest have English as a second language. 10.7% of children living in Old Bracknell have English as a second language.

Unauthorised absences

- 0.8% of school sessions were missed through unauthorised absences by children living in Bracknell Forest. School absence data is not available for Old Bracknell.

Key Stage 2 attainment

- 65.4% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved the expected level of attainment in Key Stage 2. 73.4% of children living in Old Bracknell achieved the expected level of attainment in Key Stage 2.

GCSE attainment

- 60.2% of children living in Bracknell Forest achieved 5 GCSEs at grades A* to C which included English and Maths. 47.9% of children living in Old Bracknell achieved 5 GCSEs at grades A* to C which included English and Maths.

Schools

- There are two schools located in Old Bracknell; Fox Hill Primary School and The Brakenhale Secondary School.

6. HEALTH

It is often difficult to use health data when looking at small areas such as Wards. This is because of the size of the numbers involved. For example, only a few people from each Ward may be admitted to hospital each year for a specific condition. When we are looking at numbers that are very small we have to consider two key points before they are used in profiles such as this. Firstly, when numbers are small we are not legally able to share them as the individual may be identifiable from the data. Secondly, it is difficult to come to any reliable conclusions from information which is based on these small numbers. It may also be the case that the information is not available at these low levels. This is particularly true of information about peoples lifestyles (for example, how many people smoke or drink alcohol). One of the ways that this is overcome is to use 'modelled' data. This is data that has been taken from a much larger number of people and used to estimate the likelihood of a certain characteristic appearing in other areas such as Wards depending on some key features of that area such as how many people of a particular age group live there.

- The percentage of live births to mothers living in Old Bracknell which were of a low birth weight is estimated to be 6%. The percentage on average across Bracknell Forest is 6.3%. Any difference is not statistically significant.
- The number of people living in Old Bracknell who are diagnosed with cancer is as expected given the age and gender structure of the population.
- The average life expectancy at birth for males living in Old Bracknell is 79.4 years. The average life expectancy at birth for females in Old Bracknell is 83.4 years.

Deaths

Deaths from all causes, all ages	As expected*
Deaths from all causes, under 65	As expected
Deaths from all causes, under 75	As expected
Deaths from all cancer, all ages	As expected
Deaths from all cancer, under 75	As expected
Deaths from circulatory disease, all ages	As expected
Deaths from respiratory diseases, all ages	As expected

* Given the age and gender structure of the population and national death rate

Hospital admissions

Emergency hospital admissions for all causes	Lower than expected*
Planned hospital admissions for all causes	Lower than expected
Emergency hospital admissions for all coronary heart disease	As expected
Emergency hospital admissions for stroke	As expected
Emergency hospital admissions for heart attack	As expected
Emergency hospital admissions for chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	As expected

* Given the age and gender structure of the population and national admission rates

6. HEALTH

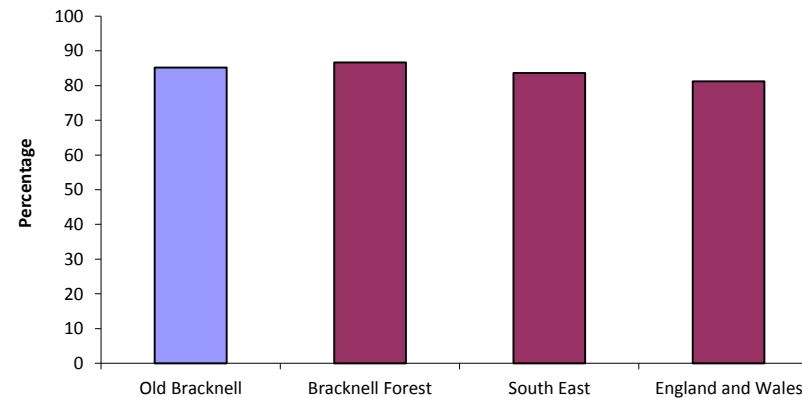
Lifestyles

- The heights and weights of children in reception year and year 6 are measured annually as part of the National Child Measurement Programme. 7.91% of reception year children in Old Bracknell are obese. An average of 7.5% of reception year children in Bracknell Forest are obese.
- 24.7% of year six children in Old Bracknell are obese. An average of 14.9% of year six children in Bracknell Forest are obese. It is important to note that this data at Ward level involves small numbers and any differences between areas will be, in part, due to chance occurrences in the data.
- An estimated 25.2% of adults in Old Bracknell are obese.
- An estimated 20.4% of adults in Old Bracknell binge drink.
- An estimated 25.1% of adults in Old Bracknell eat healthily.

Sense of health and wellbeing

- According to the 2011 Census 85.2% of adults in Old Bracknell feel that they are in either good or very good health.
- 5.7% of adults in Old Bracknell feel that their lives are limited a lot due to ill health or disability and 7% of adults in Old Bracknell feel that their lives are limited a little due to ill health or disability.

People providing at least one hour of unpaid care per week

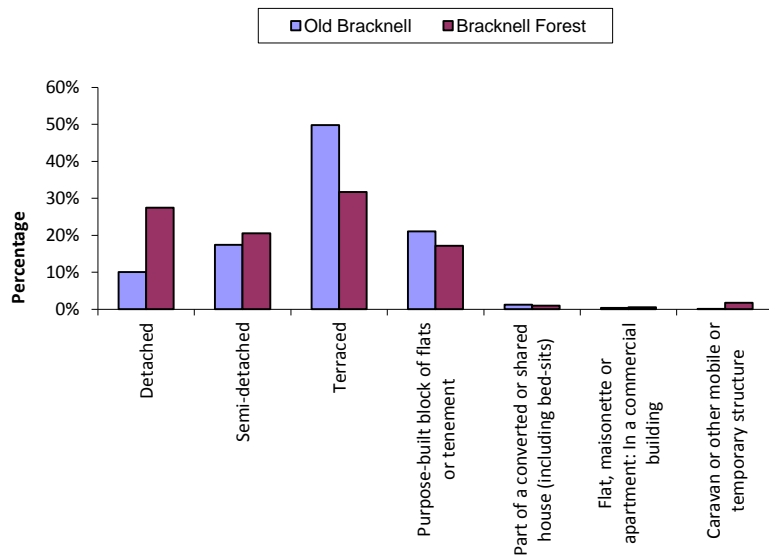


7. HOUSING

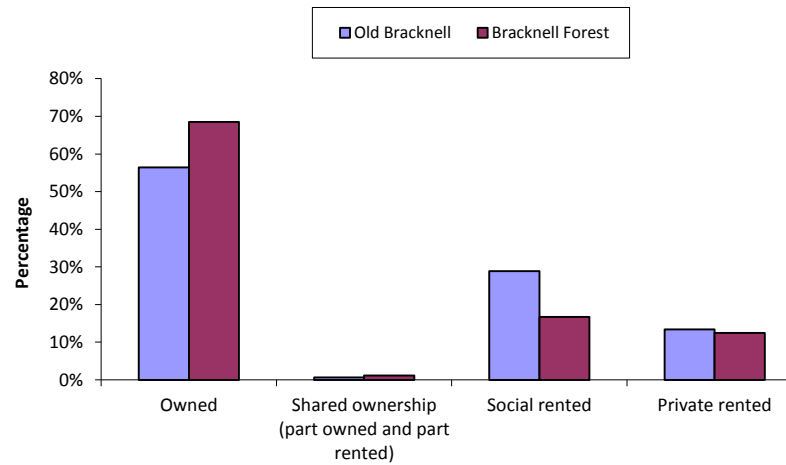
- The most common council tax band in which housing in Bracknell Forest falls is Band C. This accounts for 37.5% of all dwellings. The most common council tax band in which housing in Old Bracknell falls is Band C. This accounts for 62.3% of all dwellings.
- There are a total of 2480 dwellings in Old Bracknell. 0.04% of these are shared dwellings. This is greater than the average number of shared dwellings across Bracknell Forest.
- The most common housing type in Old Bracknell is Terraced. This accounts for 49.8% of all housing.

- The average household size in Old Bracknell is 2.3 people. Which is smaller than the average for Bracknell Forest.
- The average number of rooms in houses in Old Bracknell is 5.1. Which is fewer than the average for Bracknell Forest.
- The average number of bedrooms in houses in Old Bracknell is 2.6. Which is fewer than the average for Bracknell Forest.
- 3.62% of housing in Old Bracknell is classified as needing one or more bedrooms more than it has in order to be adequately sized for the number of people living there. This is more households than the Bracknell Forest average.
- 1.29% of houses in Old Bracknell do not have central heating. Which is more than the average for Bracknell Forest.

Housing types

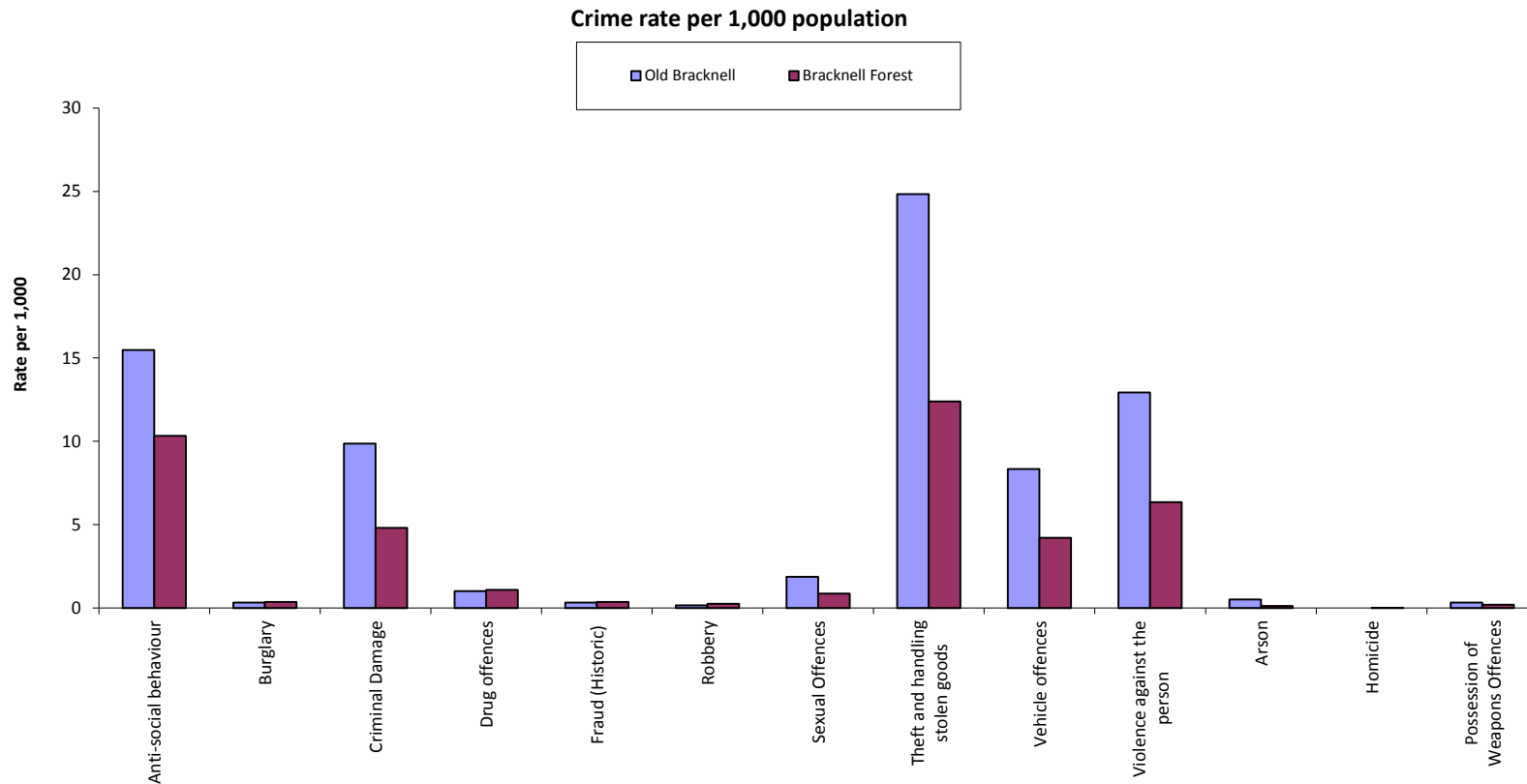


Housing tenure



8. COMMUNITY SAFETY

- There were 385 crimes recorded in Old Bracknell during 2013/14. This equates to 65.5 crimes per 1,000 people living in Old Bracknell - a rate that is lower than the average across Bracknell Forest.
- The most commonly occurring crime was classified as Theft and handling stolen goods for which there were 24.84 crimes per 1,000 people living in Old Bracknell.

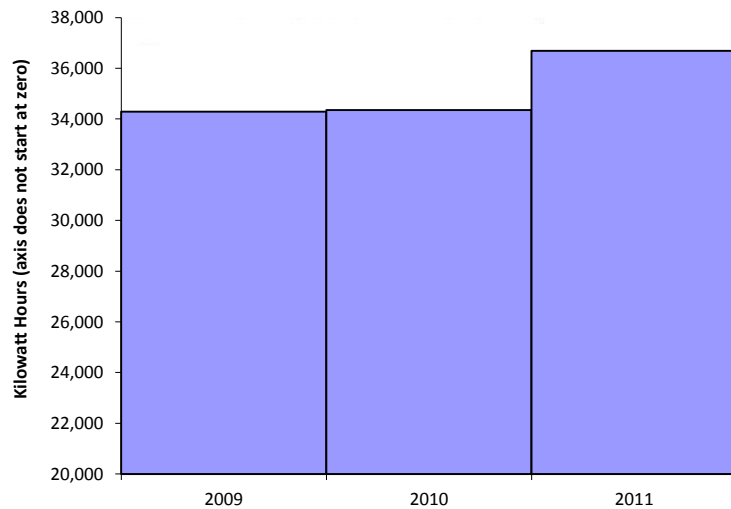


9. ENVIRONMENT

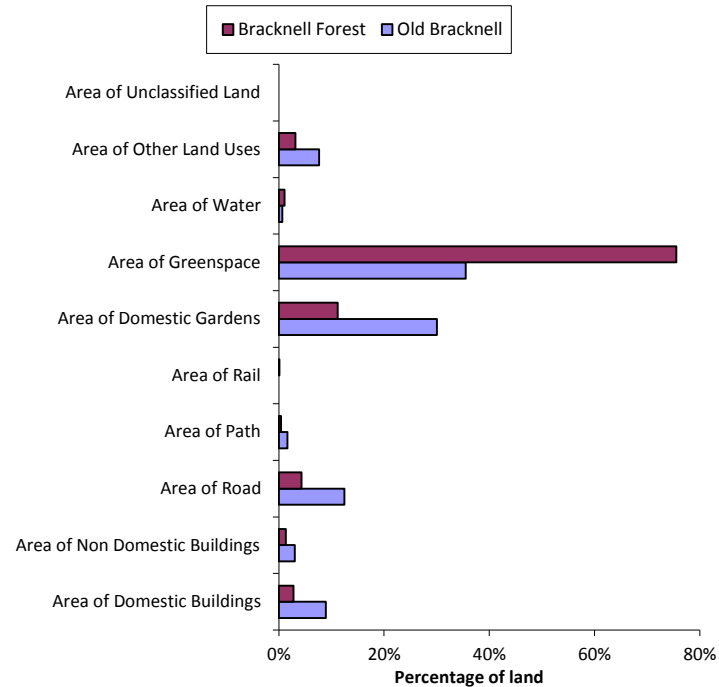
- In Old Bracknell 100% of the population live in areas classified as urban city and town.
- Old Bracknell has an area of 131 hectares which represents 1.2% of the total area of Bracknell Forest Unitary.
- Population density describes the average number of people living in each hectare of land in an area. There are an average of 42.8 people living in each hectare of Old Bracknell. This is more than are living on average in each hectare of Bracknell Forest.

The most common land use in Old Bracknell is areas of Greenspace, this is followed by areas of Domestic Gardens and areas of Road.

Total domestic energy consumption



Land use



10. SOURCES OF DATA

Item	Source	Date	Description
1. Summary Indicators			
Indices of Multiple Deprivation - IMD (2012)	Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG)	2010	A national index of deprivation, where 32,480 Lower Super Output Areas are ranked in order of relative deprivation
% children in Poverty (2012)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)	2014	Measures the % of children in households receiving Child Tax Credits and with incomes 60% or less of the median
Access to Services - IMD domain (2010)	DCLG	2010	A national index of deprivation, where 32,480 Lower Super Output Areas are ranked in order of relative deprivation
% JSA Claimants (November 2014)	NOMIS	2014	DWP benefits data published by NOMIS
Post-16 Qualifications - % Level 3 or higher (2011)	2011 Census	2011	% of working age population with level 3 or higher
% key Stage 2 Level 4+ (2012)	DFE/Berkshire Local Authorities	2011/12	% of pupils achieving Level 4 or higher in both English and Maths
% 5+ GCSEs A*-C (inc Maths and English) (2012)	DFE/Berkshire Local Authorities	2011/12	% of pupils achieving 5 or more GCSEs at grade A*-C including English and Maths
All Cause Mortality <75 (2008-10)	Public Health England	2006-2010	Age/sex standardised mortality rates
Life Expectancy - males (2008-10)	Public Health England	2006-2010	Life expectancy at birth calculated from all cause, all age mortality
Life Expectancy - females (2008-10)	Public Health England	2006-2010	Life expectancy at birth calculated from all cause, all age mortality
Emergency hospital admissions for all causes (2010/11)	Public Health England	2006-2010	Age/sex standardised hospital admission rates
% low Birthweights <2500g (2008-10)	Public Health England	2007-2011	Percentage of live births with weight <2,500g
% occupancy rating - bedrooms -1 or less (2011)	Public Health England	2011	A measure of under-occupancy and over-crowding. A value of -1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding in the household.
% no Central Heating (2011)	2011 Census	2011	The percentage of housing which does not have central heating
% socially Rented (2011)	2011 Census	2011	The percentage of households that socially rent
Crime rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	2011 Census	2014	Total crime rate per 1,000 population
Anti-social Behaviour rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	Thames Valley Police	2014	Total ASB rate per 1,000 population
Theft and handling stolen goods rate per 1,000 (2013/14)	Thames Valley Police	2014	Total Theft and Handling of Stolen Goods rate per 1,000 population
Violence with/without injury (2013/14)	Thames Valley Police	2014	Total violence with/without injury rate per 1,000 population
2. Demographics			
Population size	Office for National Statistics (ONS)	2013	Usual resident population on Census day 2011
Ethnicity	ONS	2011	Ethnic group of usual resident population on Census day 2011. BME is defined by ONS as including White Irish, White other (including White asylum seekers and refugees and Gypsies and Travellers), mixed (White & Black Caribbean, White & Black African, White & Asian, any other mixed background), Asian or Asian British (Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, any other Asian background), Black or Black British (Caribbean, African or any other Black background), Chinese, and any other ethnic group.
Religion	ONS	2011	Religion or belief of usual resident population on Census day 2011

Item	Source	Date	Description
Household composition	ONS	2011	Members of each household on Census day 2011
Migration	ONS	2011	Usual residents who were not born in the UK recorded on Census day 2011
3. Deprivation			
Indices of Multiple Deprivation	DCLG	2010	A national index of deprivation, where 32,480 Lower Super Output Areas are ranked in order of relative deprivation. The Indices of Deprivation 2010 is not a measure of affluence; all of the indicators used in the index are designed to identify aspects of deprivation, not affluence. Therefore the area ranked as the least deprived is not necessarily the most affluent. Follow link for more information: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/6320/1870718.pdf
Child Poverty	DWP	2010	Measures the % of children in households receiving Child Tax Credits and with incomes 60% or less of the median
Pupils eligible for free school meals	Department for Education (DFE) and Berkshire Local Authorities	2011/12	% of pupils eligible for free school meals
Car Ownership/Public Transport	ONS	2011	Car ownership per household as recorded on Census day 2011
Method of travel to work	ONS	2011	Method of travel to work (those in employment) as recorded on Census day 2011
4. Economy and enterprise			
Benefits claimants	DWP/NOMIS	2013	DWP benefits data published by NOMIS
Employment status	ONS	November 2011	Employment status as recorded on Census day 2011
Qualifications	ONS	2011	Highest level of qualification as recorded on Census day 2012
5. Education			
All education indicators	DFE/Berkshire Local Authorities	2012	The educational data provides 2012 year-end information on pupil residency-based small area pupil attainment. Pupils who reside and attend schools within the Local Authority
6. Health			
Low birth weight babies	Public Health England	2008-2012	Percentage of live births with weight <2,500g
Cancer diagnoses	Public Health England	2005-2009	Cancer incidence rates - age/sex standardised
Life expectancy	Public Health England	2008-2012	Life expectancy at birth calculated from all cause, all age mortality
Mortality	Public Health England	2008-2012	Age/sex standardised mortality rates
Hospital admissions	Public Health England	2008/09-2012/13	Age/sex standardised hospital admission rates
Childhood obesity	Public Health England	2010/11-2012/13	Children classified as having a body mass index of 30 or more recorded during the National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP)
Lifestyle behaviours	Public Health England	2006-2008	Self-reported lifestyle behaviours as measured in the Health Survey for England
Sense of health and wellbeing	ONS	2011	Persons self-reported wellbeing on Census day 2011
Providing unpaid care	ONS	2011	Persons reporting themselves as providing unpaid care at least one hour per week on Census day 2011
7. Housing			
Council tax bands	Neighbourhood Statistics	2011	Council tax bands of dwelling stock
Number of dwellings	ONS	2011	Number of dwellings recorded on Census day 2011
Shared dwellings	ONS	2011	Dwellings containing members belonging to two or more different families
Household size	ONS	2011	The average number of people resident in a household

Item	Source	Date	Description
Room numbers	ONS	2011	The average number of rooms in a household
Household size	ONS	2011	The average number of people resident in a household
Central heating	ONS	2011	The percentage of housing which does not have central heating
8. Community Safety			
Crime rates	Thames Valley Police	2013/14	Number of recorded crimes per 1,000 population
9. Environment			
Urban/rural classification	ONS	2012	ONS urban/rural classification (lower super output area). A super output area is a geographical area designed for the collection and publication of small area statistics. There are two layers: smaller Lower SOAs and larger middle SOAs.
Population density	ONS	2011	Persons per hectare
Domestic energy consumption	Neighbourhood Statistics	2009-2011	Domestic energy consumption (kilowatt hours)
Land Use	Neighbourhood Statistics	2005	Land use statistics in square meters, from the Generalised Land use Database (GLUD)

Acknowledgments

Sheffield City Council Ward Profiles - David Leather - <https://www.sheffield.gov.uk/your-city-council/sheffield-profile/ward-profiles.html>

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